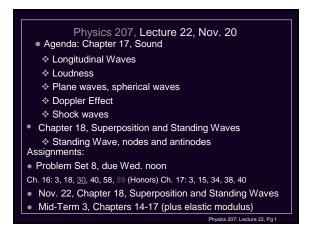
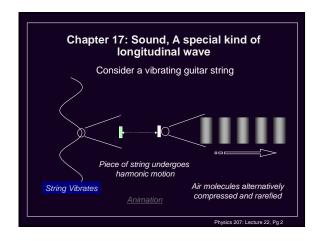
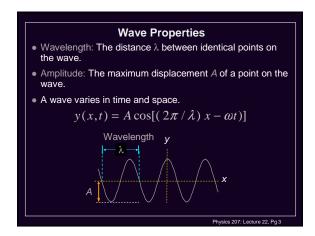
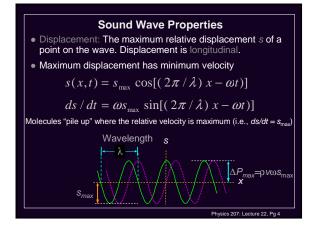
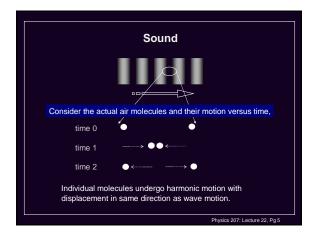
## Physics 207 – Lecture 22

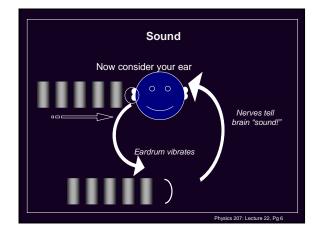


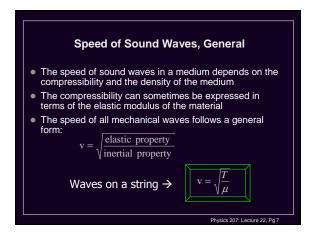


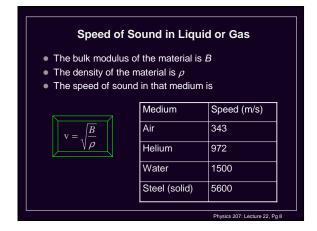


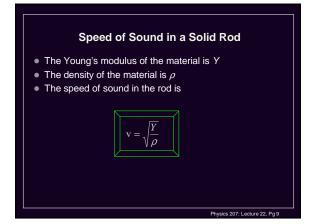


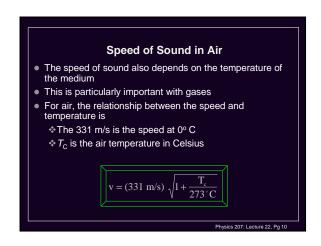






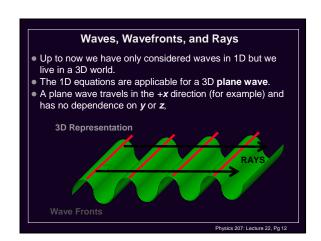


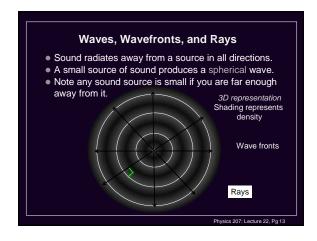


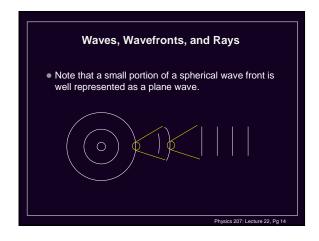


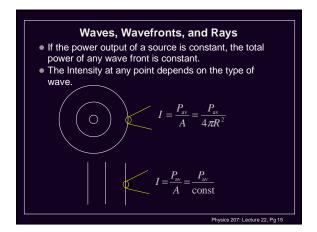
Lecture 22, Exercise 1
Comparing Waves, He vs. Air

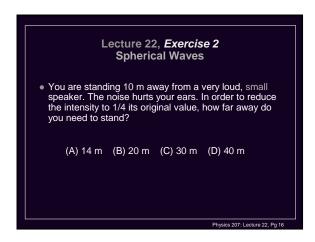
A sound wave having frequency  $f_0$ , speed  $v_0$  and wavelength  $\lambda_0$ , is traveling through air when in encounters a large helium-filled balloon. Inside the balloon the frequency of the wave is  $f_1$ , its speed is  $v_1$ , and its wavelength is  $\lambda_1$ Compare the speed of the sound wave inside and outside the balloon (A)  $v_1 < v_0$  (B)  $v_1 = v_0$  (C)  $v_1 > v_0$ Compare the frequency of the sound wave inside and outside the balloon (A)  $f_1 < f_0$  (B)  $f_1 = f_0$  (C)  $f_1 > f_0$ Compare the wavelength of the sound wave inside and outside the balloon (A)  $\lambda_1 < \lambda_0$  (B)  $\lambda_1 = \lambda_0$  (C)  $\lambda_1 > \lambda_0$ 

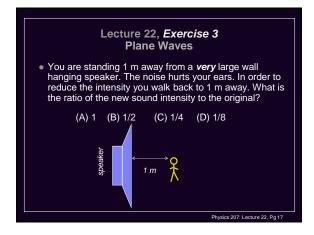


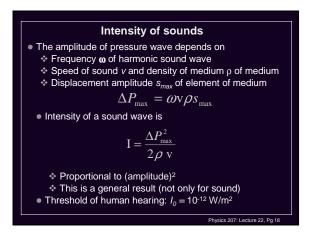




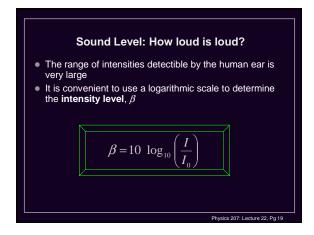


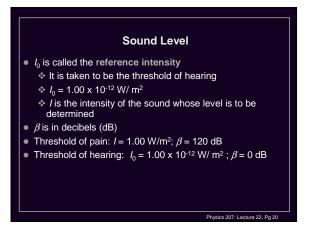






## Physics 207 – Lecture 22





$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	level (dB)
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	
Classroom 0.01 10 <sup>-7</sup> 50	0
,	80
Car without muffler 3 10 <sup>-2</sup> 100	100
Indoor concert 30 1 120	120
Jet engine at 30 m. 100 10 130	130

Sound Level, Example

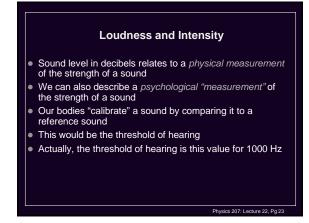
• What is the sound level that corresponds to an intensity of 2.0 x 10<sup>-7</sup> W/m<sup>2</sup>?

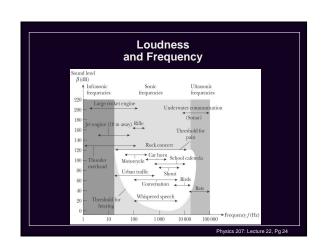
• β = 10 log<sub>10</sub> (2.0 x 10<sup>-7</sup> W/m<sup>2</sup> / 1.0 x 10<sup>-12</sup> W/m<sup>2</sup>)

= 10 log<sub>10</sub> 2.0 x 10<sup>5</sup> = 53 dB

• Rule of thumb: An apparent "doubling" in the loudness is approximately equivalent to an increase of 10 dB.

• This factor is not linear with intensity





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